

# **UNIT COMMISSIONER WORKSHEET (TROOP)**

FOR USE AFTER VISITING A MEETING OF TROOP NO.

P NO.	

Please don't use this worksheet during the troop meeting. You are not grading the troop's performance. You are only looking for ways to help. The form suggests how you might address any deficiencies. Plan your strategy before discussing it with the Scoutmaster or others in the troop. Remember you are the troop's friend and your job is to help them to be successful.

Under each category, circle the number of the statement that most closely resembles the troop meeting.

- 1 = Nearly an ideal situtation
- 2 = Typical unit, could be improved
- 3 = Weak situtation, needs action

To profile these statements on the Unit Profile, place a dot under the number you circled for each category. To form a profile, connect the dots with a line.

Check the ways you intend to help by dating the appropriate boxes (bottom half of this page and reverse).

Keep this form with the unit roster.

UNIT P	ROFILE		
	1	2	3
Meeting operation			
Boy leadership			
Skills instruction presentation			
Skills instruction levels			
Membership			
Budget plan			
Attendance			
Patrol activity			
Adult assistance			
Outdoor program			

#### **MEETING OPERATION**

- Orderly meeting ran without delays using planned program and good format
- Good meeting with planning, but some confusion.
- Disorderly or confusing meeting—no planning evident.

### Some Ways to Help

Take leaders to flext fourtulable.
Encourage the Scoutmaster to at-
tend Basic Leader training.
Review the Troop Program Planning
chapter in the Scoutmaster Hand-
book with the Scoutmaster and se
a date for the annual program
planning conference.
Help Scoutmaster set up monthly patrol leaders' council meeting.
Review <i>Troop Program Features</i> with the Scoutmaster.

#### **BOY LEADERSHIP**

- 1. Boys ran the meeting with adults in advisory capacity.
- 2. Some boy leadership with most activities run by adults.
- 3. Meeting was run entirely by adults.

#### Some Ways to Help

Convince Scoutmaster to set up a

	monthly patrol leaders' counci meeting.
	Review the Scoutmaster's Junior Leader Training Kit with Scout- master.
	Review the <i>Junior Leader Handbook</i> with the Scoutmaster.
	Point out sections of the <i>Scout-master Handbook</i> that refer to the role of youth leadership in the troop.
	Remind Scoutmaster that Scouting includes leadership development.

# SKILLS INSTRUCTION PRESENTATION

- Scouts "learned by doing"; lots of hands-on learning experiences were provided.
- Skills were presented in a classroom setting with some hands-on learning opportunities.
- 3. Classroom presentation was the only method of skills instruction.

#### Some Ways to Help

Review <i>Iroop Program Features</i> with the Scoutmaster.
Share Tenderfoot-to-First Class advancement requirements with Scoutmaster and explain that these are designed to be experienced, not taught.
Review the portion of advancement video that deals with teaching skills.
Suggest use of Troop Advancement Wall Chart at meetings.

#### **SKILLS INSTRUCTION LEVELS**

- 1. Skills were taught for new Scouts, for experienced Scouts, and for older Scouts.
- Skills were taught for new and experienced Scouts.
- 3. Only one level of skills was taught.

#### Some Ways to Help

Encourage the Scoutmast	er	to
attend Basic Leader training.		
Help the Scoutmaster identify a	a tro	ор
guide and assistant Scoutmas	ster	to
work with the new-Scout patro	ıl.	
Help the Scoutmaster and troop	o co	m-
mittee identify assistant Scoutm	ast	ers
to work with experienced and	olo	der
Scouts.		
Help the Scoutmaster identify	yo	uth
instructors.	•	
Help the Scoutmaster identify	co	m-
munity resources to assist wit		
gram presentations or to ser		
consultants for a Venture patro		

#### **MEMBERSHIP**

- 1. Systematic recruiting evident.
- 2. Recruiting seems hit or miss.
- 3. No boys have joined recently.

#### Some Ways to Help

Conduct an inventory to show the
need for recruiting.
Suggest that Scoutmaster assign an
assistant Scoutmaster with new Scout
responsibility.
Help the assistant Scoutmaster for
new Scouts establish a relationship
with a local Cub Scout pack.

- Conduct a boy-fact survey in local schools and help the troop develop a plan to contact prospective members.
  - Explain to the Scoutmaster the reasons for having a new-Scout patrol.

#### **BUDGET PLAN**

- 1. Dues collected regularly. Equipment, supplies adequate.
- 2. Dues collection spotty. Need essential equipment, supplies.
- 3. No dues collected. Very little equipment.

#### Some Ways to Help

Ask troop leaders to use <i>Troop/Team Record Book</i> . Encourage troop committee to build budget based on annual program. Convince troop treasurer to train patrol scribes.

#### **ATTENDANCE**

- 1. Eighty-five percent or better.
- 2. Seventy-five percent or better.
- 3. Sixty percent.

#### Some Ways to Help

Discuss the problem with troop com-
mittee. Ask them to follow up with
parents of absentees.
Ask Scoutmaster to help patrol lead-
ers build interpatrol competition.
Help organize a patrol point system
to promote attendance.
Check program. Is it planned,
exciting?

## PATROL ACTIVITY

- Effective patrol operation with strong patrol spirit and a new-Scout patrol.
- 2. Patrols organized with little patrol activity.
- 3. No patrol operation.

#### Some Ways to Help

Suggest that specific program assign-
ments be given patrols before each
meeting.
Remind leaders that patrols under
trained boy leaders are the key to
troop success.
Help Scoutmaster understand the
junior leader training program.

#### **ADULT ASSISTANCE**

- Each of the three skill levels (new Scout, experienced Scout, Venture) had an assigned assistant Scoutmaster.
- 2. Scoutmaster and assistant present.
- 3. Only Scoutmaster present at meeting.

#### Some Ways to Help

Help conduct troop resources survey
with parents of Scouts.
Assist the Scoutmaster and troop
committee in selecting and recruiting
assistant Scoutmasters. Use the
video and brochure Selecting Qual-
ity Leaders.
Encourage using adults for short-
term, task-specific assignments.
Explain to the troop committee that
two-deep leadership is required for
all trips and outings.
Train leaders in youth protection.

#### OUTDOOR PROGRAM

- The program is planned to lead to outdoor activity.
- Outdoor activity is scheduled, but the outdoor program is not planned.
- 3. No outdoor activity is scheduled.

#### Some Ways to Help

Encourage the Scoutmaster to attend
the next Basic Leader training.
Review the Troop Program Planning
chapter in the Scoutmaster Hand-
book with the Scoutmaster and set a
date for an annual program planning
conference.
Seek help from the campmaster
corps and district camping committee.
Help the troop committee develop
ways to secure camping equipment.
Guide leaders in locating hiking and
camping areas.
camping areas.

Boy Scout Advancement (video) Scoutmaster Handbook

Boy Scout Handbook Selecting Quality Leaders (brochure

and video)

Troop Committee Guidebook

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